

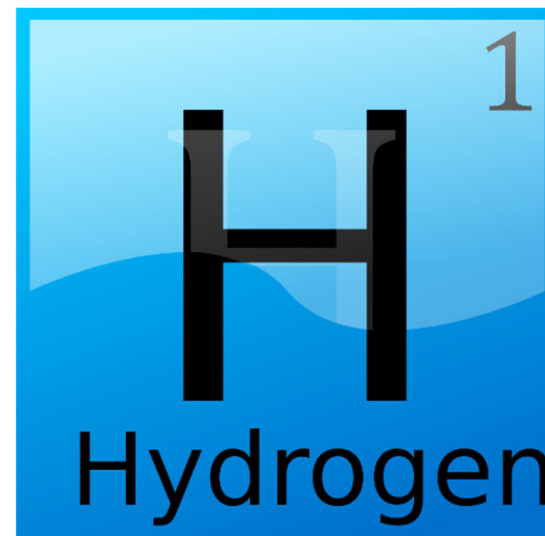
Hydrogen Breakfast #2

March 8, 2022

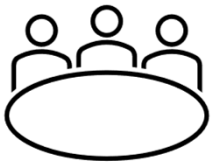


Announcements

1. Thanks to sponsors – Gas Company of NM and ConocoPhillips
2. The 4CED Newsletter – 4cornersed.com
3. The evaluation and nametag recycle
4. Introduction of panelists & format



The March 8 Panelists



- Mike Moore – Program Director, U.S. Energy Association
- Emelie Frojen – Energy and Climate Program Associate, San Juan Citizens Alliance
- Mike Stark – Manager, San Juan County
- Arvin Trujillo – CEO, Four Corners Economic Development
- John Byrom – Standing in for Krista McWilliams, LOGOS Resources
- Wish Krishnamoorthy – Chief Technology Officer, Bayotech
- Joe Merlino – Managing Partner, Libertad Power



Some context from the moderator



Mike Moore US Energy Association

- USEA convenes, educates, and provides a nonpartisan forum for the energy industry.
- Internationally, USEA supports energy development by expanding access to safe, affordable, and sustainable energy in partnership with the U.S. Government.
- www.usea.org

DOE Moving Forward to Implement Significant Hydrogen Programs: Seeks Public Input

On February 14, 2022, the Department of Energy (“DOE”) issued two Requests for Information (“RFIs”) related to its rollout of significant hydrogen programs.

The RFIs seek input from the public (including “industry,” “energy users” and “other stakeholders,” which would include the financial sector) regarding the (1) solicitation process and structure of the DOE’s future Funding Opportunity Announcement (“FOA”)¹ for the creation of [Regional Clean Hydrogen Hubs](#); and

<https://eere-exchange.energy.gov/Default.aspx#Foald5d96172f-e9b6-48ff-94ac-5579c3531526>

<https://www.velaw.com/insights/doe-moving-forward-to-implement-significant-hydrogen-programs-seeks-public-input/>

DOE Moving Forward to Implement Significant Hydrogen Programs: Seeks Public Input

(2) DOE's [Clean Hydrogen Manufacturing Initiative and Clean Hydrogen Technology Recycling Research, Development, and Demonstration Program](#) ("Clean Hydrogen RD&D Program"); the Clean Hydrogen Electrolysis Program; and new Buy American and related employment considerations. The RFIs are the DOE's first major push to implement several new hydrogen programs funded by the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law.

<https://eere-exchange.energy.gov/Default.aspx#Foald5d96172f-e9b6-48ff-94ac-5579c3531526>

<https://www.velaw.com/insights/doe-moving-forward-to-implement-significant-hydrogen-programs-seeks-public-input/>

DOE Moving Forward to Implement Significant Hydrogen Programs: Seeks Public Input

Prior to implementing its Regional Clean Hydrogen Hub FOA strategy, DOE is seeking responses to 40 questions covering five general categories:

Category 1: Regional Clean Hydrogen Hub Provisions and Requirements – Questions include what should qualify as “close proximity” in context of the hub requirements and whether DOE should define the region or allow applicants to do so; whether it would be more effective to select four hydrogen hubs that each produce a certain, minimum level of hydrogen or six to ten hubs of varying size; and what the ideal timing and desirable features, terms, and conditions of off-taker agreements would be.

Category 2: Solicitation Process, FOA Structure, and Hydrogen Hubs Implementation Strategy – Questions include what funding mechanisms are best suited to achieve the purpose of the hydrogen hubs (*e.g.*, Cooperative Agreements, Grants, Other Transactions Authority); what mechanisms the DOE can use to help facilitate teaming, in addition to its already launched H2 MatchMaker tool; and what iron, steel, manufactured goods, or construction materials will be crucial to the building out of the hydrogen hubs, and how the hubs could work to procure these items domestically.

<https://www.velaw.com/insights/doe-moving-forward-to-implement-significant-hydrogen-programs-seeks-public-input/>

DOE Moving Forward to Implement Significant Hydrogen Programs: Seeks Public Input

Prior to implementing its Regional Clean Hydrogen Hub FOA strategy, DOE is seeking responses to 40 questions covering five general categories:

Category 3: Equity, Environmental and Energy Justice (“EEEJ”) Priorities – Questions include what strategies, policies, and practices can the hydrogen hubs deploy to support EEEJ goals; what EEEJ concerns, or concerns are most relevant for the hydrogen hubs; and how DOE can support meaningful and sustained engagement with disadvantaged communities.

Category 4: Market Adoption and Sustainability of Hubs – Questions include what mechanism (e.g., tax incentives, offtake structures, contracts for difference, etc.) would be valuable to incentivize market-based supply and demand; if DOE requires a market analysis as part of the application process, what should the analysis include; and how can a hydrogen hub demonstrate economic viability that will endure after the DOE funded phases and how should the FOA and selected projects be structured to ensure an economically viable outcome.

Category 5: Other – DOE is seeking any additional information and input that respondents believe would be valuable to help the DOE in developing the Regional Clean Hydrogen Hub FOA.

<https://www.velaw.com/insights/doe-moving-forward-to-implement-significant-hydrogen-programs-seeks-public-input/>

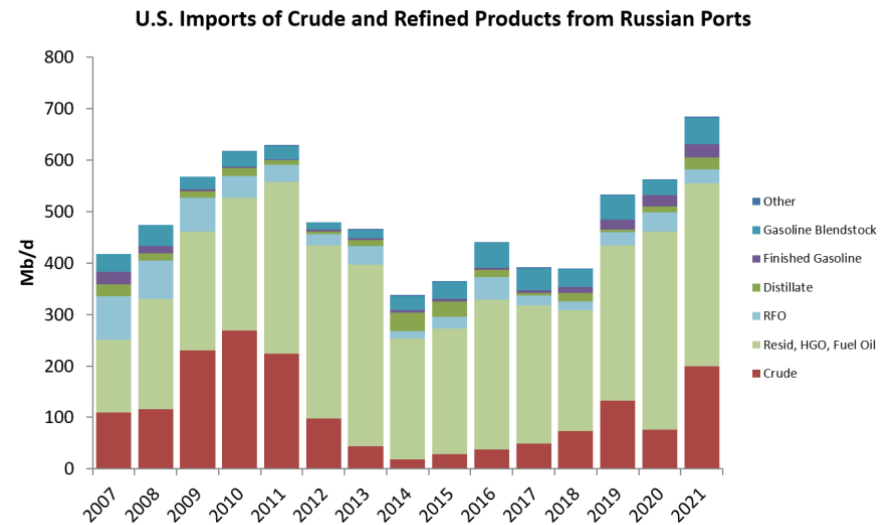
Vinson & Elkins LLP

Russia-Ukraine War and the Sanctions

- Crude oil, refined products, petrochemicals, natural gas, fertilizer
- Shipping, LNG supplies
- Platinum group metals, copper, nickel, aluminum, Rare Earth Elements (REE)
- Wheat
- Helium

Sanctions on Russia add to troubles facing global helium industry

https://www.spacedaily.com/m/reports/Sanctions_on_Russia_add_to_troubles_facing_global_helium_industry_999.html

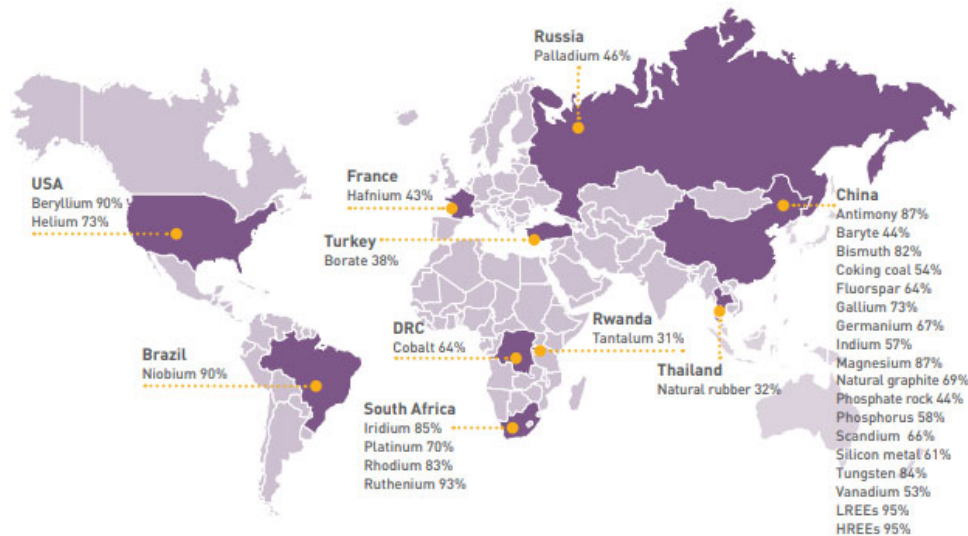


https://rbnenergy.com/sites/default/files/styles/extra_large/public/field/image/Fig1_U.S.%20Imports%20of%20Crude%20and%20Refined%20Products%20from%20Russian%20Ports.png?itok=I9HTfWF

NATO Energy Security Centre of Excellence

(enseccoe.org) Energy Security: Operational Highlights The strategic importance of rare earth minerals for NATO, EU and the United States and its implications for the energy and defense sectors.

Countries accounting for the largest share of global critical minerals supply



Modified from: European Commission (2018) Report on critical raw materials and the circular economy. [<https://publications.europa.eu/>]

MINERAL COMMODITIES	USED IN	BIGGEST PRODUCERS
Beryllium	Wind energy	Brazil, China, Madagascar, Mozambique, Portugal
Cobalt	Batteries, energy storage, electric vehicles	The Congo, Biggest refiner China
Gallium	Solar power systems	Biggest refiner China
Germanium	Solar power systems, fiber-optic cables	Canada, China, Finland, the Congo
Indium	Solar power systems	China (50%), Belgium, Canada, Japan, South-Korea
Graphite	Battery technology, electric vehicles	China (67%), India, Brazil
Lithium	Battery technology	China, Australia
Niobium and Tantalum	Energy storage	Brazil (90%), Canada
Rare earth elements	Clean energy applications	China (90%), Australia
Selenium	Solar power systems	Japan (51%), Belgium, Canada, Japan and the United States
Tellurium	Solar power systems	China, Sweden
Vanadium	Battery technology	China, Russia, South Africa

Emelie Frojen – Energy and Climate Program Associate





Mike Moore
US Energy Association

Mike Moore, US Energy Association

Other environmental considerations of renewable energy

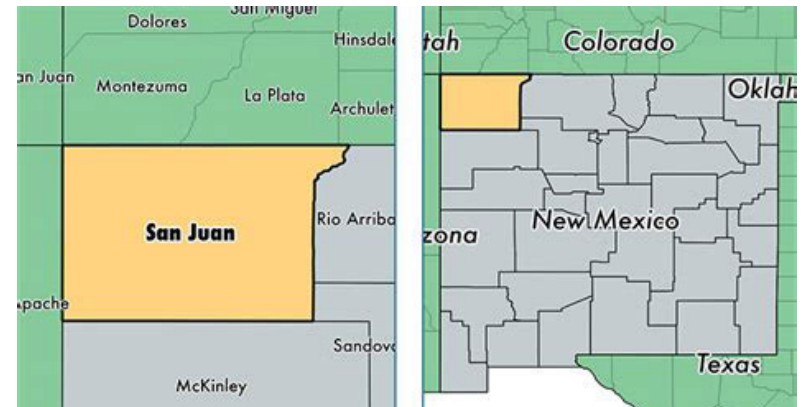
- Electric vehicles
- Solar panels
- Batteries

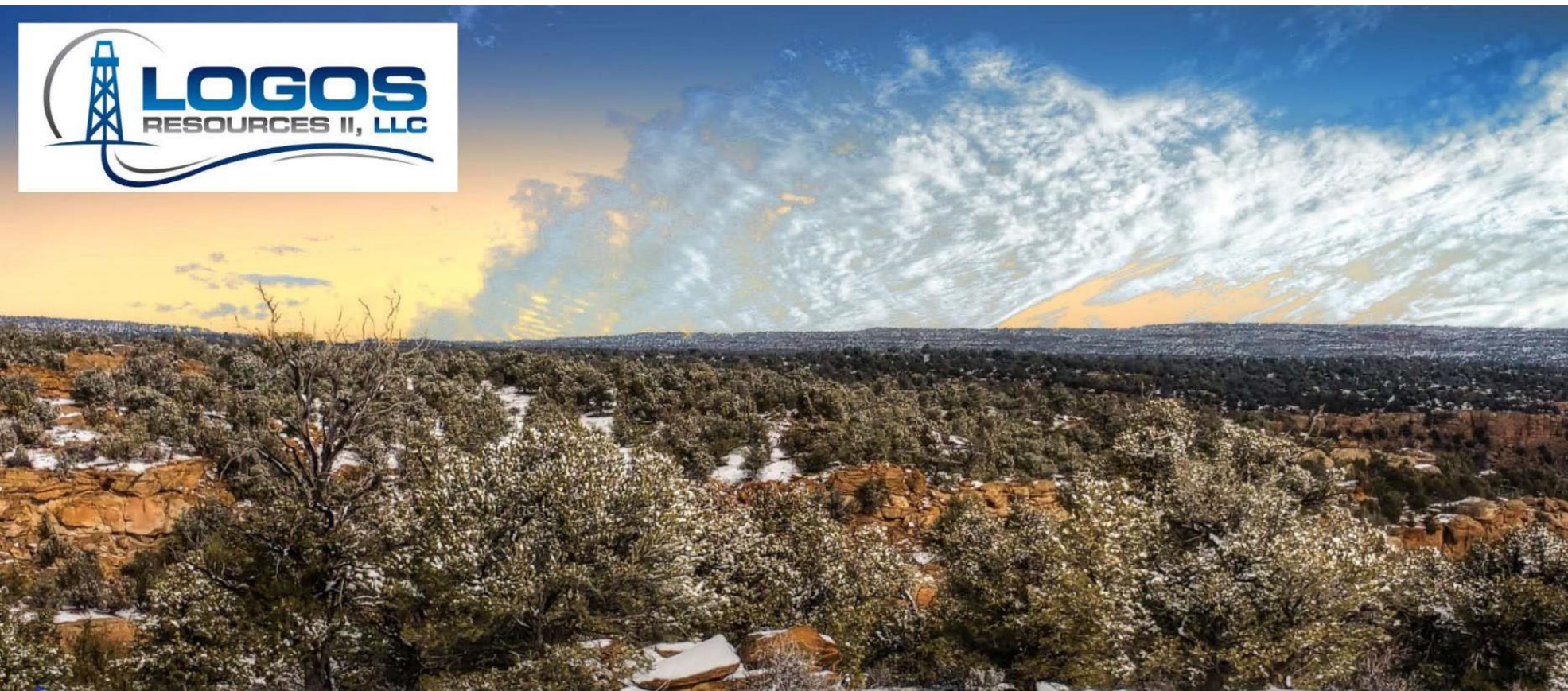
Net Zero CO2 Emissions by 2050



Seven Advantages of San Juan County

1. A community that embraces all forms of the energy economy
2. Rich in natural gas and the potential for renewables development
3. Pipelines and powerlines
4. Available land and subsurface CO2 Storage
5. A skilled workforce – San Juan College School of Energy
6. Supportive local government
7. Strong relationships with the Native American community





Hydrogen, Hydrogen Hubs, and San Juan County A Producers Perspective

March 8th 2022

Disclaimer

These materials are highly confidential, sensitive, and proprietary. By accepting these materials, the recipient agrees to use any such information solely for the purpose of evaluating the information presented herein and will maintain all such information in strict confidence, including in strict accordance with any underlying contractual obligations. These materials may not be reproduced, disseminated, used or referred to, in whole or in part without the prior consent LOGOS Resources II, LLC ("LOGOS"). These materials have been prepared exclusively for the person to whom such materials are delivered and may not be used for any purpose other than as authorized in writing by LOGOS.

No representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to the achievement, reasonableness, accuracy or completeness of any information, data, projection, forecast, or other forward-looking statement (including, but not limited to, with respect to future production and the cash flows to be derived therefrom) contained in these materials or otherwise, all of which (a) reflect various assumptions made by, and significant elements of judgment of, LOGOS, its management, affiliates and advisors and (b) are subject to business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies not all of which may be set forth herein. Due to various risks and uncertainties, actual events or results or actual performance may differ materially from those reflected or contemplated in such forward-looking statements. As a result, recipient should not rely on such forward-looking statements. These materials also include certain estimates, forecasts, and other pro forma data (collectively, "Estimates") for illustrative purposes and cannot be independently verified as they are based on internal models of LOGOS, its affiliates and/or its advisors; although the Estimates are based upon assumptions that are believed to be reasonable, there can be no assurance that actual results will not differ, perhaps materially, from the Estimates.

Neither LOGOS, nor any of its affiliates or its or their directors, officers, employees, consultants, representatives or agents (i) assumes any responsibility, obligation or duty to correct, update or revise these materials, or to inform any prospective purchaser(s) of any matter of which any of them becomes aware that may affect any matter referred to in these materials, (ii) accepts responsibility for any errors and omissions which may be contained herein or (iii) accepts any liability whatsoever for any loss (whether direct or consequential) arising from any use of or reliance on these materials or their contents. Certain information contained in these materials has been obtained from published and non-published sources. Such information has not been independently verified by LOGOS or their affiliates, and none of the foregoing assume responsibility for the accuracy of such information. In addition, LOGOS assumes no responsibility for verification of the information in these materials. These materials do not contain all information that may be required to evaluate, and do not constitute a recommendation with respect to, any transaction or matter. Any recipient of these materials should conduct its own independent analysis of the matters referred to herein, in consultation with its own legal, technical, financial, accounting and other advisors.

Statements that are not strictly historical statements constitute forward-looking statements and may often, but not always, be identified by the use of such words such as "expects," "believes," "intends," "anticipates," "plans," "estimates," "forecast," "guidance," "target," "potential," "possible," or "probable" or statements that certain actions, events or results "may," "will," "should," or "could" be taken, occur or be achieved. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions and analyses made by LOGOS and its management in light of experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors appropriate under the circumstances that involve various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in the statements. Actual future results, including financial and operating performance; total capital expenditures and mix; cash flow, business and project plans, timing, costs and capacities; resource recoveries and production rates; and the impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on results, could differ materially due to a number of factors. These include changes in the supply and demand for oil, natural gas, and petrochemicals and other market conditions that impact prices and differentials; the impact of company actions to protect the health and safety of employees, vendors, customers, and communities; actions of competitors and commercial counterparties; the severity, length and ultimate impact of COVID-19 and government responses on people and economies; reservoir performance; changes in law, taxes, or regulation including environmental regulations, and timely granting of governmental permits; war, trade agreements and patterns, shipping blockades or harassment, and other political or security disturbances; opportunities for and regulatory approval of potential investments or divestments; the actions of competitors; unforeseen technical or operating difficulties; general economic conditions including the occurrence and duration of economic recessions; and other factors.

The presentation of these materials does not constitute an offer that can be accepted to form a binding contract or deemed a basis for contract by estoppel or otherwise, and no prospective purchaser may rely on these materials as a basis for incurring any costs, undertaking any obligation or foregoing any opportunity.

No legal relationship shall be created between LOGOS and the recipient by virtue of the provision of these materials by LOGOS or by virtue of any discussion or communications in connection herewith. LOGOS further reserves the right to take any action with respect to the properties, whether within or outside the ordinary course of business. These materials are not to be construed as an offer or solicitation to buy or sell any security.

LOGOS does not provide tax or legal advice. Any discussion of tax matters in these materials (i) is not intended to be used, and cannot be used or relied upon, for the purposes of avoiding any tax penalties and (ii) may have been written in connection with the "promotion or marketing" of the transaction or matter described herein. Accordingly, the recipient should seek advice based on its particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

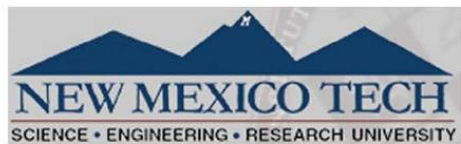
All values in this document are in US\$ unless otherwise specified.

These opinions are Krista McWilliams' and do not necessary represent the view of LOGOS.



Krista McWilliams Background

- Vice President of Operations Engineering – LOGOS Resources II, LLC (“LOGOS”)
- Member at Large – New Mexico State Water Quality Control Commission (Governor Lujan Grisham appointee)
- Founder and President of Diamond Derrick Consulting
- Senior Petroleum Engineer for Burlington Resources/ConocoPhillips
- Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering from the New Mexico Tech
 - Highest honors graduate and Tech Scholar
- Other Activities
 - Leadership New Mexico Core Class of 2020
 - New Mexico Museum of Natural History Foundation Board member – current
 - Four Corners Economic Development Center Board member – current
 - Leadership San Juan Class of 2017
 - Founder of Super Summer STEM Camp at San Juan College – 2016



San Juan Basin Hydrogen Hub – A Producers Perspective

- **The world continues to need energy, all of it, including renewables and hydrogen to meet the demand**
 - EIA projects a 50% increase in world energy usage by 2050
- **Natural gas feedstock to support hydrogen development would be good for San Juan Basin producers**
 - Large pipeline infrastructure already in place
 - Additional natural gas demand
- **Labor and infrastructure synergies**
 - Training of workforce supports dual oil and gas and hydrogen industries
 - Services would augment/support either industry
- **Additional hydrogen support infrastructure would benefit the oil and gas industry**
 - Rail infrastructure could be accelerated to support exporting hydrogen derived products and would also benefit producers
 - Synergies for processing petrochemicals and hydrogen derived products
- **Carbon capture and sequestration for hydrogen development would also help environmentally conscious producers**
 - Help to reduce carbon footprint
 - Increase capital funding from responsible investors
- **Produced water from oil and gas industry could be used for hydrogen development**
 - San Juan Basin producers injected over 40M barrels of produced water for disposal in 2021 (IHS)



Wish Krishnamoorthy

CHIEF TECHNOLOGY OFFICER

BayoTech's first Unit to be in Albuquerque, New Mexico

- Gas Company of New Mexico Facility
 - World's First Compact on-site hydrogen generation unit
 - NM Gas's Metro Service Center at Edith and Griegos in Midtown
 - ..fully explore the benefits and challenges of incorporating hydrogen into its natural gas distribution operations before deploying it.*
- \$1 billion in project proposals
- Commercial Partnerships to deploy its products:
 - **hydrogen fueling stations**
 - **GreenCore**: US-based and **Element Two**: UK-based





Mike Moore
US Energy Association

Building a CO₂ Economy in the Four Corners Region

- A hydrogen hub project will assess options in the Four Corners region relative to developing a CO₂-based economy, considering both CO₂ supply (via capture) and CO₂ demand (utilization and storage).
- The assessment will consider a spectrum of opportunities at various stages of technology readiness, including their magnitude and regional distribution.
- An additional component (via a collaboration TBD) will evaluate the regional implications relative to economy and job growth.

<https://doi.org/10.2172/1623416>

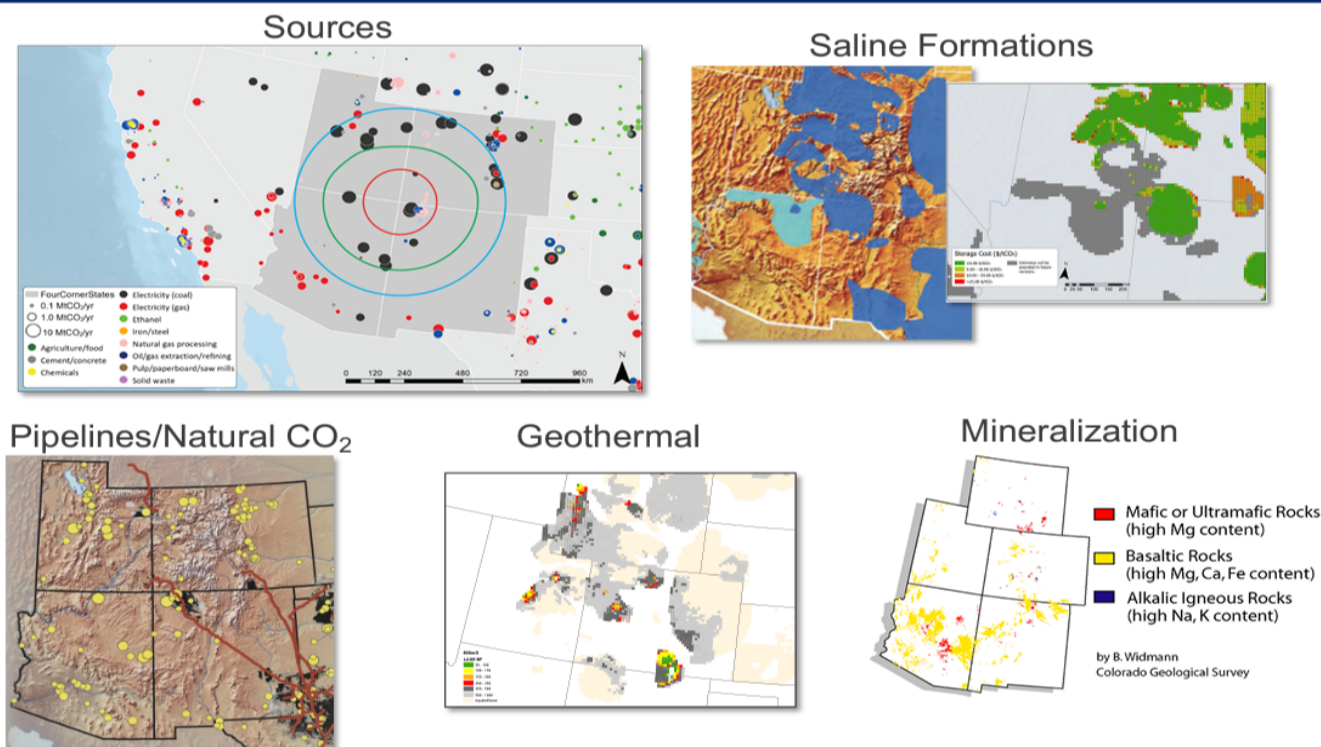
Building a CO₂ Economy in the Four Corners Region

- A hydrogen hub project will assess options in the Four Corners region relative to developing a CO₂-based economy, considering both CO₂ supply (via capture) and CO₂ demand (utilization and storage).
- The assessment will consider a spectrum of opportunities at various stages of technology readiness, including their magnitude and regional distribution.
- An additional component (via a collaboration TBD) will evaluate the regional implications relative to economy and job growth.

<https://doi.org/10.2172/1623416>

Building a CO2 Economy in the Four Corners Region

The Region



"A price on carbon is essential to drive behavioral change and we are seeing elastic effects already taking place.

Carbon is a new currency. A massive wealth transfer is already under way from large emitters to carbon reducers and this is taking shape in many forms including Renewable Energy Credits, Carbon Offsets, Low Carbon Fuel Credits, Zero Electric Vehicle Credits, and many many more."

Randy Lack Co-CEO Element Markets,
Houston October 26, 2021



www.elementmarkets.com

Whoever Prices their Carbon first the other two will take their market share....

KEY STATISTICS ON REGIONAL, NATIONAL AND SUBNATIONAL CARBON PRICING INITIATIVE(S)

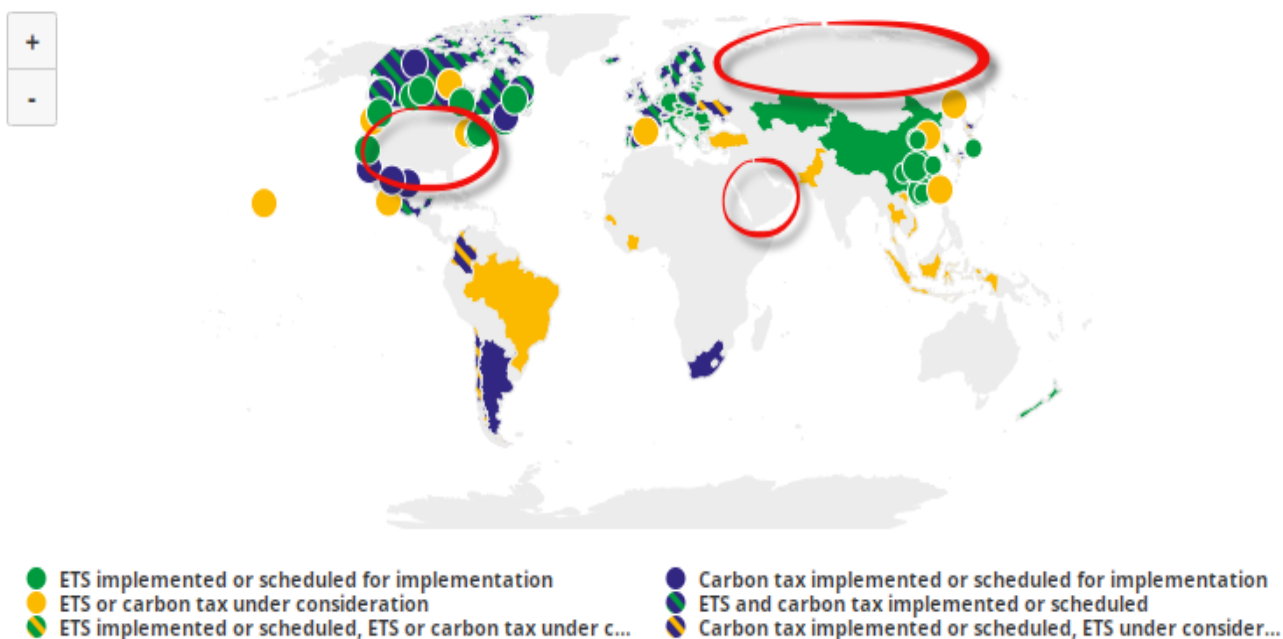
64 Carbon Pricing initiatives implemented

45 National Jurisdictions are covered by the initiatives selected

35 Subnational Jurisdictions are covered by the initiatives selected

In 2021, these initiatives would cover **11.65 GtCO₂e**, representing **21.5%** of global GHG emissions

Summary map of regional, national and subnational carbon pricing initiatives



<https://carbonpricingdashboard.worldbank.org/>



Contact Information



- Michael E. Moore
- Program Director US Energy Association
- Washington, DC
- www.usea.org
- mmoore@usea.org



FOUR CORNERS

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Arvin Trujillo, CEO

FOUR CORNERS, NM Economic Development: Quarterly Economic Development Briefings

[Home](#) [Contact](#)



[VIEW CUSTOM REPORT](#)



Audience Questions and Answers



1. Use the roving microphone. We're recording. Wait for the microphone.
2. Feel free to use an index card
3. 4CED will have the meeting posted to its website with slides



Hydrogen Breakfast #2

March 8, 2022

